INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF JUBILANT AGRI AND CONSUMER PRODUCTS LIMITED

Report on the Financial Statements

 We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of JUBILANT AGRI AND CONSUMER PRODUCTS LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information which we have signed under reference to this report.

Management's responsibility for the Financial Statements

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134 (5) of the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.
- 4. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments; the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

- 6. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:
 - in the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2017;
 - in the case of the Statement of Profit and Loss, of the Loss of the Company for the year ended on that date; and
 - (iii) in the case of Cash Flow Statement, of the cash flows of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ('Order'), issued by the Central Government
 of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we enclose in the Annexure 'A' a statement
 on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the said Order.
- 8. As required by Section143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - in our opinion proper books of accounts as required by the law have been kept by the Company, so far as appears from our examination of those books;
 - the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this
 report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial Statements dealt with by this report comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
 - e. on the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2017, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, we report that none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2017 from being appointed as director in terms of section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013;
 - f. With respect to the adequacy of the Internal Financial Controls over the financial reporting of the Company and operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B"; and
 - g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigation on its financial position in its financial statement (Refer note 32 to the financial statement);
- The Company did not have any foreseeable losses on long term contracts and had no derivative contracts outstanding as at 31st March 2017;
- iii. The Company did not have any dues in respect of Investor Education and Protection Fund; and
- iv. The Company has provided requisite disclosures in its financial statements as to holdings as well as dealings in Specified Bank Notes during the period from 8th November, 2016 to 30th December, 2016 and these are in accordance with the books of accounts maintained by the company. (Refer note 45 to the financial statements).

For K.N. Gutgutia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 304153E

Sd/-

B.R. GOYAL

Partner

Membership No.12172

Place : Noida

Date

: 24th May, 2017

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 7 of our report of even date to the members of **Jubilant Agri and Consumer Products Limited** on the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017)

- i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) As explained to us, physical verification of fixed assets has been carried out by the Company and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion the frequency of verification is reasonable, having regard to- the size of the Company and nature of its business.
 - (c) Title deeds of immovable properties of the company are held in the name of the Company except in case of the followings:

Land & Building

(₹ in million)

No of Cases*	Leasehold/Freehold	Gross Block	Net Block	Remarks
04	03 Freehold & 01 Leasehold	333.93	276.72	Under process of transfer

*Out of the above in 02 cases Gross block of ₹ 207.13 and Net block of ₹.163.51 million are in the name of its Holding Company and the balance are in the name of erstwhile merged entity.

- (a) The inventories, except goods-in-transit have been physically verified during the year by the management at reasonable intervals.
 - (b) In our opinion, no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification of stocks.
- iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies firm, Limited liability partnerships firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the companies Act, 2013.
- iv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has no Investment, Loans and guarantees which required compliance of provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, and hence paragraph of 3 (iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- The Company has not accepted any deposits and hence paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government of India for the maintenance of cost records of the Company under clause (d) of Sub Section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and are of the opinion that prima facie the prescribed accounts and records have been maintained. We are, however, not required to and have not carried out any detailed examination of such accounts and records with a view to determining whether they are accurate or complete.

vii) (a) According to the records examined by us, the Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues wherever applicable.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed arrears of statutory dues were outstanding as on the last date of the financial year for a period of more than six

months from the date they became payable.

(b) According to the records of the Company, the details of dues in respect of excise duty and service tax which have not been deposited on account of disputes and the forum where the dispute is pending are as under:

Name of the Statute		Statute Nature of the Dues		Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
1	Central Sales Tax Act, 1956 & Sales Tax Acts of Various States	Sales Tax/VAT	17.23	Apr-02 to Dec- 07	High Court, Allahabad
		Sales Tax/VAT	0.96	1996-97 to 2000-01	Tribunal, Cuttack
2	Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty	7.69	Apr-08 to Jan-	CESTAT, Allahabad
	88	Excise Duty	1.54	Jan-14 to Oct-14	Commissioner (Appeals), Noida
		Excise Duty	0.09	August-11	Government of India (Revision)
		Excise Duty	0.36	Apr-13 to Dec-13	Assistant Commissioner, Ghaziabad
		Excise Duty	0.10	Jan-14 to Oct- 14	Assistant Commissioner, Ghaziabad
		Excise Duty	0.14	Nov-14 to July-15	Assistant Commissioner, Ghaziabad
		Excise Duty	0.73	Nov-10 to Jan-11	CESTAT, Ahmedabad
		Excise Duty	14.82	Nov-10	Commissioner, Meerut II
3	Service Tax Act,	Service Tax	0.61	July-12 to Jan-	Commissioner

	1994			16	(Appeals), Vadodara
		Service Tax	0.32	Mar-11 to June-15	Commissioner (Appeals 1), Meerut
4	Custom Act, 1962	Custom Duty + Interest	4.97	25.11.2010	A.C. Customs, JNCH, Nhava Sheva
		Custom Duty + Interest	3.05	10.12.2010	A.C. Customs, JNCH, Nhava Sheva

- Based on our audit procedures and according to the information given by the management, the viii) company has not defaulted repayment in respect of any loans or borrowings from any financial institution, bank, government or dues to debentures holders during the year.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not ix) done any initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instrument), and has not taken any term loan during the year and hence paragraph 3(ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- Based upon the audit procedures performed and to the best of our knowledge and according to the x) information and explanations given to us by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company by its officer or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, managerial remuneration has been paid / xi) provided in accordance with Section 197 read with schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a xii) Nidhi Company and hence paragraph 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- As explained to us and as per the records of the company, in our opinion the transactions with the xiii) related parties are in Compliance with Section 177 and Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standard.
- According to the records of the company, it has not made any preferential allotment of shares or xiv) private placement of shares or fully/partly convertible debentures during the year under report. Accordingly paragraph 3 (xiii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- During the year, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with Director or person xv) connected with him. Hence paragraph 3 (xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-1A of the Reserve Bank of India Act, xvi) 1934 and hence paragraph 3 (xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For K.N. Gutgutia & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number: 304153E

Sd/-

B.R. GOYAL

Partner Membership No.12172

: Noida : 24th May, 2017 Date

Place

ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF JUBILANT AGRI AND CONSUMER PRODUCTS LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of JUBILANT AGRI AND CONSUMER PRODUCTS LIMITED ("the Company") as of March 31, 2017 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on "the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI)". These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to Obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit

preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For K.N. Gutgutia & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number: 304153E

Sd/-

B.R. GOYAL

Partner

Membership No.12172

Place : Noida

Date : 24th May, 2017

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017

(₹ in million)

		Note	As at 31 March	1 2017	As at 31 Marc	h 2016
1	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
	Shareholders' funds	0.00	EE,AUGAAG		50.00500	
	Share capital	3	26.74		26.74	
	Reserve & surplus	4	417.28	444.02	422.07	448.8
	Non-current liabilities		11 (12/2004)		100100000000000000000000000000000000000	
	Long term borrowings	5	1,355.95		1,705.86	
	Other long term liabilities	6	37.29		36.39	
	Long term provisions	7	110.58	1,503.82	95.96	1,838.2
	Current liabilities				11-0-1-07-0-1-07	
	Short term borrowings	8	944.86		999.35	
	Trade payables to micro enterprises and small					
	enterprises	33	6.70		11.41	
	Trade payables to others	00000	645.89	10	495.10	
	Other current liabilities	9	668.99		350.72	
	Short term provisions	10	192.16	2,458.60	190.44	2,047.0
	Total			4,406.44		4,334.0
II	ASSETS					
	Non-current assets					
	Fixed assets					
	Tangible assets	11	1,308.57		1,225.89	
	Intangible assets	12	1.70		2.84	
	Capital work-in-progress	11	29.09		65.62	
	Intangible assets under development	12	1.53			
	Deferred tax assets (net)	13	911.65		911.65	
	Long term loans & advances	14	45.57	2,298.11	47.72	2,253.7
	Current assets					
	Current investments	15	80.0		0.08	
	Inventories	16	518.96		515.60	
	Trade receivables	17	1,198.09		1,043.76	
	Cash & bank balances	18	27.62		30.77	
	Short term loans and advances	19	362.75		489.06	
	Other current assets	20	0.83	2,108.33	1.05	2,080.3
	Total			4,406.44		4,334.0
	Significant accounting policies	2				
	Notes to the financial statements	1 - 50				
500	companying notes are integral part of these financial stateme	nts.				

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 304153E

B. R. Goyal

Partner Membership No. 12172

Sd/-

Place : Noida

Date: 24 May 2017

Sd/-

Priyavrat Bhartia Director

Sd/-

Sd/-**Umesh Sharma**

Videh Kumar Jaipuriar

Chief Financial Officer

Whole Time Director

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2017

(₹ in million)

	Note	For the year ended March 2017	31	For the year ended March 201	31
REVENUE					
Revenue from operations (gross)	21	5,	195.37		5,955.56
Other Income	22		8.74		30.54
Total revenue		5,	204.11		5,986.10
EXPENSES					
Cost of materials consumed	23	2,	497.39		2,319.65
Purchase of traded goods	24		75.95		777.54
Change in inventories of work-in-progress, finished goods & traded goods	25		(32.84)		141.94
Excise duty on sales			378.82		353.68
Other manufacturing expenses	26		477.81		457.46
Employee benefits expense	27		687.09		817.25
Finance costs	28		296.23		412.08
Depreciation & amortisation expense	11 & 12		89.90		174.44
Other expenses	29		723.65		828.54
Total expenses		5,	194.00		6,282.58
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items & tax			10.11		(296.48
Exceptional items	30		8.62		749.36
Profit/(Loss) before tax	0000		1.49		(1045.84
of which discontinuing operations	31		$(\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{T}})$		(994.10)
Tax Expenses:					
- Current tax (Refer note 35)		6.28		404 - 501	loss co
- Deferred tax credit			6.28	(911.65)	(911.65
Profit/(Loss) for the year			(4.79)		(134.19)
of which discontinuing operations	31				(994.10)
Basic earnings per share of ₹ 10 each (In ₹)	49		(95.81)		(2683.76)
Diluted earnings per share of ₹ 10 each (In ₹)	49		(95.81)		(2683.76
Significant accounting policies	2				
Notes to the financial statements	1 - 50				
The accompanying notes are integral part of these financial statements					
In terms of our report of even date attached.					
For K. N. Gutgutia & Co.				For and on beh	alf of Board
Chartered Accountants		*			
Firm Registration Number : 304153E					Sd/-

Sd/-

B. R. Goyal Partner

Membership No. 12172

Date : 24 May 2017

Sd/-

Umesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer Priyavrat Bhartia

Director

Sd/-

Videh Kumar Jaipuriar

Place : Noida

ideh Kumar Jaipuriar Whole Time Director

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2017

(₹ in million			
		For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
۹.	Cash flow arising from operating activities:	1.49	(1,045.84)
	Net profit/(loss) before tax	1.49	(1,045.84)
	Adjustments for:	20.00	174.44
	Depreciation & amortisation expense	89,90	1.000
	Loss/(Profit) on sale of fixed assets (net)	0.05	1-16773
	Loss on sale/closure of retail business (Refer note 30)		714.84
	Unamortised balance of borrowing cost (Refer note 30)		31.00
	Finance costs	296.23	
	Interest Income	(2.05)	(6 (3))
	Provision for employee benefits	18.09	300000
	Bad debts/irrecoverable advances written-in (net of write-off)	(5.34)	(3.82)
	Provision for bad and doubtful receivables	8.62	
	Unrealised (gain)/loss on foreign exchange (net)	(11.26)	
		394.24	1,301.67
	Operating profit before working capital changes	395.73	255.83
	Adjustments for:	17796-5177 4494	0000000
	(Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables, loans & advances and other assets	(61.09)	211.46
	(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories	(3.37)	231.11
	Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables, provisions and other liabilities	149.23	(218.32)
	Cash generated from operations	480.50	480.08
	Direct taxes (paid)/refund (net)	11.51	2.12
	Net cash inflow/(outflow) in course of operating activities	492.01	482.20
3.	Cash flow arising from investing activities:		
	Acquisition/Purchase of fixed assets	(142.97)	
	Sale proceeds of fixed assets	0.76	The Control of the Co
	Slump sale consideration (Refer note 31)		590.46
	Inter-corporate loan received back from holding company (Refer note 44)	10.00	7
	Interest converted in to inter-corporate loan given received back	1.38	0.95
	Interest income received	1.11	14.49
	Redemption of term deposit with bank	2.74	173.37
	Net cash inflow/(outflow) in course of investing activities	(126.98)	687.07
C.	Cash flow arising from financing activities:	767.00	
	Repayment of long term borrowings	(39.90)	VARY 15 TO SERVICE STATE OF THE SERVICE STATE OF TH
	Proceeds from long term borrowings	2.77	
	Proceeds from / (Repayment) of short term borrowings (net)	(54.49)	
	Inter-corporate borrowings from related parties (Refer note 44)	7	90.00
	Repayment of interest converted in to inter-corporate loan taken	(34.12)	
	Finance costs paid	(239.70)	
	Net cash inflow/(outflow) in course of financing activities	(365.44)	(1,185.20)
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash & cash equivalents (A+B+C) Add: Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(0.41) 25.94	42.37
	Add: Funds transfer on account of BTA (Refer note 31)		(0.50)
	Cash & cash equivalents at the close of the year	25.53	25.94

	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Balance With Banks		
- On current accounts	19.00	25.30
Cash in hand	0.09	0.04
Cheques/Drafts on hand	0.83	0.42
Others		
- Gift/Meal vouchers in hand	0.42	0.18
- Funds in transit	5.19	
	25.53	25.94

- i) Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the Indirect Method as set out in the Accounting Standard 3 (AS-3) "Cash Flow Statements" as notified by the Central Government of India.
- ii) Acquisition/Purchase of fixed assets includes movement of capital work-in-progress, intangible assets under development and capital advances/payables during the year.
- iii) Net cash flows attributable to the discontinued operations, refer note 31.

In terms of our report of even date attached.

For K. N. Gutgutia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 304153E

Sd/-

B. R. Goyal

Partner

Membership No. 12172

Place: Noida Date: 24 May 2017 for and on behalf of the board

Sd/-

Priyavrat Bhartia

Director

Sd/-

5d/-Videh Kumar Jaipuriar **Umesh Sharma** Chief Financial Officer

Whole Time Director

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

1. Corporate information

Jubilant Agri and Consumer Products Limited (the Company) is a public limited company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is wholly owned subsidiary of Jubilant Industries Limited and presently engaged in the business of manufacturing and sale of agri and consumer products. The Company caters to both domestic and international markets.

2. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Preparation & Presentation of Financial Statements

The accounts of the Company are prepared under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India ("GAAP") and comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (including provisions of Companies Act, 1956 which continue to remain in force, to the extent applicable), pronouncements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, and the guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), to the extent applicable. The Financial Statements are presented as per Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 and in Indian rupees rounded off to the nearest million.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting periods. Examples of such estimate include future obligations under employee benefit plans, income taxes, useful lives of tangible assets and intangible assets, impairment of assets, valuation of derivatives, provision for doubtful debts, etc. Management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could vary from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as the management becomes aware of the changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively in current and future periods. Effect of material changes is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Current-non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a. it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's normal operating cycle;
- b. It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c. it is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- d. it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a. it is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- b. it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c. it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- d. the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result on its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current liabilities include current portion of non-current financial liabilities.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Operating Cycle

Operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash or cash equivalents.

Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current-non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

B. Tangible and Intangible Fixed Assets

Fixed Assets are stated at original cost net of tax/duty credits availed, if any, less accumulated depreciation/amortization and impairment loss. The cost of fixed assets includes effects of exchange differences on long term foreign currency borrowings, freight and other incidental expenses related to the acquisition, installation and commissioning of the respective assets. Borrowing costs directly attributable to fixed assets which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are capitalized. In case of fixed assets acquired at the time of amalgamation of certain entities with Company, the same are recognized at book value in case of amalgamation in the nature of merger and at book/fair value in case of amalgamation in the nature of purchase in line with Accounting Standard 14 (AS 14) – "Accounting of Amalgamations".

With effect from the current year, pursuant to the amendment in AS -10, Property, Plants & Equipment, spare parts having life more than 12 months are capitalized at their respective carrying amount with the main assets and are being depreciated over remaining useful life of the main assets prospectively.

Interest on loans and other financial charges in respect of qualifying assets and expenditure incurred on start up and commissioning of the project and/ or substantial expansion up to the date of commencement of commercial production are capitalized.

Expenditure for acquisition and implementation of Software systems are recognized as part of the intangible assets.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

The excess of consideration paid for acquisition over the assets minus liabilities in the acquired business is recognized as Goodwill and included under intangible assets (Fixed Assets).

C. Depreciation and Amortization

Pursuant to the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), the Company has provided depreciation on fixed assets as per the useful life specified in Part "C" of Schedule II of the Act, read with Notification dated 29th August, 2014 of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, on the original cost/ acquisition cost of assets or other amount substituted for cost except for the following classes of fixed assets which are depreciated as under:

- a. Employee perquisite related Assets: Five Years, being the period of the Perquisite Scheme.
- Motor Vehicles under Finance Lease: Tenure of Lease or five years whichever is shorter.

Useful life so arrived at are currently reflective of the estimated useful life of the fixed assets and are not higher than the useful lives as prescribed vide Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Leasehold land is amortized over the lease period.

Software systems are being amortized over a period of five years or its useful life whichever is shorter.

Goodwill recognized pursuant to acquisition of business is amortized over ten years on straight-line basis.

Depreciation on assets added/disposed off during the year has been provided on pro-rata basis with reference to the date of addition/disposal.

D. Leases

i) Where the Company is Lessee

Assets leased by the Company in its capacity as lessee where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership vest in the Company are classified as finance leases. Such leases are capitalized at the inception of the lease at the lower of the fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments and a liability is created for an equivalent amount. Lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to obtain a constant periodic rate of interest on the outstanding liability for each year.

Lease arrangements where the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset substantially vest with the lessor are recognized as operating leases. Lease payments under operating leases are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a Straight-line basis by creating Lease Equalization Reserve. In case of change in terms/conditions of lease or surrender of part or full space, the lease equalization is readjusted retrospectively treating the lease as continuing one.

ii) Where the Company is lessor

Lease income by sub-lease of premises is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Costs including depreciation on lease hold improvements incurred towards such properties are recognized as expenses in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

E. Valuation of Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value except scrap, which is valued at net estimated realizable value.

The methods of determining cost of various categories of inventories are as follows:

Raw materials	Weighted Average Method
Work-in-progress and finished goods (manufactured)	Variable Cost at weighted average including an appropriate share of variable and fixed production overheads. Fixed production overheads are included based on normal capacity of production facilities.
Finished goods (traded)	Cost of Purchases
Stores & spares and others	Weighted Average Method
Packing materials	Weighted Average Method
Goods-in-transit	Cost of Purchase

Cost includes all direct costs, cost of conversion and appropriate portion of variable and fixed production overheads and such other costs incurred as to bring the inventory to its present location and condition inclusive of excise duty wherever applicable.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion/reprocessing and the estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

The net realizable value of work-in-progress is determined with reference to the selling price of related finished products. Raw materials and other supplies held for use in the production of finished products are not written down below cost except in cases where material prices have declined and it's estimated that the cost of finished goods will exceed their net realizable value.

F. Investments

Investments that are readily realizable and are intended to be held for not more than one year from the date, on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments. However, that part of long-term investments which is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date is also presented under "Current Assets" as "Current portion of long term investments" in consonance with current/non-current classification scheme of Schedule III.

Current Investments are carried at cost or fair value, whichever is lower. Long-term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution is made to recognize a decline, other than temporary, in the value of the investment, such reduction being determined and made for each investment individually.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

G. Income Tax

Tax expense for the period, comprising current tax and deferred tax, are included in the determination of the net profit or loss for the period.

Current Tax

Current tax expenses is based on the provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961 and judicial interpretations thereof as at the Balance Sheet date and takes into consideration various deductions and exemptions to which the Company is entitled to as well as the reliance placed by the Company on the legal advices received by it. Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax charge or credit reflects the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the current year and reversal of timing differences for earlier years. The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognized using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realized in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward of losses, deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is a virtual certainty of realization of such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and are written-down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonably/virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realized. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offsets when there is a legally enforceable right to set off assets against liabilities representing current tax and where the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing tax laws.

H. Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations

- a) Initial Recognition: Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency on/or closely approximating to the date of the transaction.
- b) Conversion: Foreign currency monetary items, if any are reported using the closing rate. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; and non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates that existed when the values were determined.
- c) Exchange Difference: Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, if any or on reporting such monetary items of the Company at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year or reported in previous financial statements, are recognized as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.
- d) Foreign Exchange Forward Contracts: Monetary Assets and Liabilities, if any are restated at the rate prevailing at the period end or at the spot rate at the inception of forward contract where forward cover for specific asset/liability has

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

been taken and in respect of such forward contracts the difference between the contract rate and the spot rate at the inception of the forward contract is recognized as income or expense in Statement of Profit and Loss over the life of the contract. All other outstanding forward contracts on the closing date are mark to market and resultant loss is recognized as expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Mark to market gains, if any, are ignored. Any profit or loss arising on cancellation or renewal of such a forward exchange contract is recognized as income or as expense for the period.

I. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

The Company recognizes a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that may arise from past events but their existence is confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Contingent Assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the assets and related income are recognized in the period in which the change occurs.

J. Employee Benefits

- (i) Short-term Employee Benefits: All employee benefits falling due wholly within twelve months of rendering the services are classified as short-term employee benefits, which include benefits like salaries, wages, shortterm compensated absences, performance incentives etc. and are recognized as expenses in the period in which the employee renders the related service and measured accordingly.
- (ii) Post-employment Benefits: Post employment benefit plans are classified into defined contribution plans and defined benefits plans in line with the requirements of AS 15 on "Employee Benefits".

Gratuity and Leave Encashment

Gratuity and leave encashment which are defined benefits are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss based on actuarial valuation using projected unit credit method as at Balance Sheet date by an independent actuary. Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustment and change in actuarial assumption are immediately recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as income or expense. The gratuity liability for certain employees of one of the units of the Company is funded with Life Insurance Corporation of India.

Superannuation

Certain employees of the Company are also participants in the superannuation plan ('the Plan') a defined contribution plan. Contribution made by the Company to the Plan administrated by the Trust during the year is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss.

Provident Fund

i) The Company makes contribution to the "VAM EMPLOYEES' PROVIDENT FUND TRUST" for most of its employees, which is a defined benefit plan to the extent that the Company has an obligation to make good the shortfall, if any, between the return from the investments of the trust and the notified interest rate. The Company's obligation in this regard is determined by an

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

independent actuary and provided for if the circumstances indicate that the Trust may not be able to generate adequate returns to cover the interest rates notified by the Government. The Company's contribution towards Provident Fund is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss.

- ii) For other employees, Provident Fund is deposited with Regional Provident Fund Commissioner. This is treated as defined contribution plan. Company's contribution to the Provident Fund is charged to Statement of Profit & Loss.
- (iii) Other Long Term Employee Benefits: All employee benefits (other than post-employment benefits and termination benefits) which do not fall due within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related services are determined based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method carried out at each Balance Sheet date. Actuarial losses/gains are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which they arise. Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed beyond twelve months from the end of the year are treated as other long term employee benefits.

K. Borrowings Cost

Borrowing costs including incidental/ ancillary costs are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which it is incurred, except where the cost is incurred for acquisition, construction or production of an asset that takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use in which case it is capitalized up to the date the assets are ready for their intended use. Ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings are amortized over the period of such borrowings.

L. Revenue Recognition

Revenue from sale of products is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the products are transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration is reasonably assured and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Revenues include excise duty and are shown net of sales tax, value added tax and trade discounts, if any.

Subsidy in respect of fertilizer, disbursed by the Central Government of India is included in turnover and the same is recognized based upon the latest notified rates and only to the extent that the realization is reasonably assured.

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the income is established. Income from interest on deposits, loans and interest bearing securities is recognized on time proportionate basis.

Sale of utility is recognized on delivery of the same to the purchaser and when no significant uncertainty exists as to its realization.

Export incentives/ benefits are accounted for on accrual basis in the year in which exports are made.

M. Segment Reporting

The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in line with accounting policies of the Company. Revenue, Expenses, Assets and Liabilities have been identified to segments on the basis of their relationship to operating activities of the segments (taking in account the nature of products and services and risks & rewards associated with them) and Internal

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

Management Information Systems and the same is reviewed from time to time to realign the same to conform to the Business Units of the Company. Revenue, Expenses, Assets and Liabilities, which are common to the enterprise as a whole and are not allocable to segments on a reasonable basis, have been treated as "Common Revenue/Expenses/Assets/Liabilities", as the case may be.

N. Earnings Per Share

The basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit after tax for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, net profit after tax during the year and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effect of all dilutive potential equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the year unless they have been issued at a later date. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. average market value of the outstanding shares). Anti dilutive effect of any potential equity shares is ignored.

O. Impairment of Fixed Assets

The Company assesses at each Balance Sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset/cash generating unit may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset/cash generating unit. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is less than the carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

An assessment is also done at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognized for an asset/cash generating unit in prior accounting periods may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indications exists, the asset's/ cash generating unit's recoverable amount is estimated. The carrying amount of the fixed asset/ cash generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in previous periods. A reversal of impairment loss is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

P. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances on hand, cash balance with bank, and highly liquid investments with original maturities, at the date of purchase/investment, of three months or less.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

(₹ in million)

	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
3. SHARE CAPITAL		
Authorised a) 1,00,000 Equity shares of ₹ 10 each (Previous Year: 1,00,000 Equity shares of ₹ 10 each)	1.00	1.00
 b) 19,00,000 10% Optionally convertible non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 10 each (Previous Year: 19,00,000 10% Optionally convertible non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 10 each) 	19.00	19.00
 c) 10,00,000 10% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 10 each (Previous Year: 10,00,000 10% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 10 each) 	10.00	10.00
	30.00	30.00
Issued, subscribed & paid-up a) 50,000 Equity shares of ₹ 10 each (Previous Year: 50,000 Equity shares of ₹ 10 each)	0.50	0.50
 b) 16,48,817 10% Optionally convertible non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 10 each (Refer note 3.1) (Previous Year: 16,48,817 10% Optionally convertible non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 10 each) 	16.49	16.49
c) 9,74,800 10% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 10 each (Refer note 3.1) (Previous Year: 9,74,800 10% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 10 each)	9.75	9.75
	26.74	26.74

- 3.1 Issued, subscribed & paid-up share capital includes shares allotted for consideration other than cash during the last five years:
 - a) 9,74,800 10% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 10 each allotted (at a premium of ₹ 990 per share) pursuant to the Business Transfer Agreement with Jubilant Industries Limited for consideration other than cash during the FY 2012-13.
 - b) 16,48,817 10% Optionally convertible non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 10 each allotted (at a premium of ₹ 990 per share) pursuant to the Scheme of Arrangement with Jubilant Industries Limited for consideration other than cash during the FY 2011-12.
- 3.2 Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company:

2.1000000000000000000000000000000000000	As at 31 Mar	ch 2017	As at 31 Ma	rch 2016
Name of the shareholder	No. of shares	% held	No. of shares	% held
Jubilant Industries Limited* and its nominees (Equity shares)	50,000	100.00	50,000	100.00
Jubilant Industries Limited* (10% Optionally convertible non-cumulative redeemable preference shares)	16,48,817	100.00	16,48,817	100.00
Jubilant Industries Limited* (10% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares)	9,74,800	100.00	9,74,800	100.00

^{*}Holding company

3.3 The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding as at 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016 is set out below:

	As at 31 March 2017		As at 31 Ma	arch 2016
Particulars	No. of shares	₹ in million	No. of shares	₹ in million
i) Equity Shares:				
Number of shares at the beginning of the year	50,000	0.50	50,000	0.50
Numbers of shares at the end of the year	50,000	0.50	50,000	0,50
ii) 10% Optionally convertible non-cumulative redeemable preference shares:				
Number of shares at the beginning of the year	16,48,817	16.49	16,48,817	16.49
Numbers of shares at the end of the year	16,48,817	16.49	16,48,817	16.49
iii) 10% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares:				
Number of shares at the beginning of the year	9,74,800	9.75	9,74,800	9.75
Numbers of shares at the end of the year	9,74,800	9.75	9,74,800	9.75

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

- 3.4 The Company has three kind of share capital: Equity share capital, 10% Optionally convertible non-cumulative redeemable preference share capital and 10% Non-cumulative redeemable preference share capital. Each equity shareholder is eligible for one vote per share.
- 3.5 In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amount. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders. In the event of redemption of preference shares, the same will be redeemed at a premium of ₹ 990 per share. Each optionally convertible preference share is convertible into equity share of ₹ 10 each at the option of the shareholders before the same are redeemed.

(₹ in million)

	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
4. RESERVES AND SURPLUS		
Securities premium account		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
At the commencement and at the end of the year	556.26	556.26
Surplus/(Deficit)		
At the commencement of the year	(134.19)	energia S
Add: Net profit/(loss) after tax as per Statement of Profit & Loss for the year	(4.79)	(134.19)
At the end of the year	(138.98)	(134.19)
	417.28	422.07

4.1 Pursuant to the confirmation of the Scheme of Capital Reduction by way of reduction in Securities Premium Account, and to permit it to set off its accumulated losses as at 31 March 2015 against the securities premium account by the Hon'ble Allahabad High Court with effect from 31st March, 2015 vide its order dated October 01, 2015. Accordingly, the Company has sett off its accumulated losses amounting to ₹ 2041.12 million as on 31 March 2015 against the amount standing in its securities premium account as on 31 March 2015.

		(₹ in million)
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
5. LONG TERM BORROWINGS		
Term loan from banks - Indian rupee loans (secured)	1,312.50	1,462.50
Long term maturities of finance lease obligation - Finance lease obligations (secured)	3.45	3.36
Term loan from others Loans from related party (unsecured)	40.00	240.00
Louis it with telegraph for accounts	1,355.95	1,705.86
The above amounts includes Secured borrowings Unsecured borrowings	1,315.95 40.00	1,465.86 240.00
	1,355.95	1,705.86

Refer note 9 for current maturities of long term borrowings.

- 5.1 Term loan availed from Axis Bank Limited amounting to ₹ 1462.50 million (Previous Year: ₹ 1500.00 million) including current maturities of ₹ 150.00 million (Previous Year: ₹ 37.50 million) is secured by first pari passu charge on all fixed assets (both present and future) of the Company as well as of Jubilant Industries Limited (the holding company) and unconditional and irrevocable corporate guarantee of its Holding company.
- 5.2 Term loan availed from Axis Bank Limited is repayable in twenty eight structured quarterly instalments, commenced from January 2017.
- 5.3 Finance lease obligations ₹ 5.87 million (Previous Year: ₹ 5.51 million) including current maturities of ₹ 2.42 million (Previous Year: ₹ 2.15 million) under other current liabilities are secured by hypothecation of specific assets taken under such lease arrangements and the same are repayable as per the terms of agreements with the lessor.
- 5.4 Term loans availed from related party namely Jubilant Enpro (P) Limited are repayable at the end of three years from the date of respective disbursement.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

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	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
6. OTHER LONG TERM LIABILITIES		
Security deposits	37.29	36.39
	37.29	36.39
7. LONG TERM PROVISIONS		l)
Employee benefits	110.58	95.96
Employee delicate	110.58	95.96
8. SHORT TERM BORROWINGS		
Loans repayable on demand		
-From banks:		504.05
Secured	507.70	534.35
Unsecured	122.16	150.00
Loans from Others:	215.00	315.00
-From related party (unsecured)	315.00	313.00
	944.86	999.35
The above amounts includes		
Secured borrowings	507.70	534.35
Unsecured borrowings	437.16	465.00
	944.86	999.35

8.1 Working capital facilities sanctioned by Consortium of banks comprising of Axis Bank Limited, Corporation Bank, IDBI Bank Limited and Yes Bank Limited are secured by a first charge by way of hypothecation, of the entire book debts, inventories and current assets both present and future, of the Company wherever the same may be or be held and unconditional and irrevocable corporate guarantee of its Holding company in favour of bankers. Short term borrowings from banks are availed in Indian rupees and in foreign currency.

8.2 Short term Borrowings from related party are repayable as per terms of agreement within one year.

(₹	in	mil	lion)

			(< in million)
		As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
9.	OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES	55055525	270602001
	Current maturities of long term debts (Refer note 5)	350.00	37.50
	Current maturities of finance lease obligations (Refer note 5)	2.42	2.15
	Trade deposits & advances	26.10	15.53
	Interest accrued and due	55.83	34.12
	Interest accrued but not due	15.73	17.80
	Creditors for capital supplies and services	13.97	20.86
	Due to related parties (Refer note 44)	17.94	14.43
	Employee benefits payable	31.10	60.71
	Others (including statutory dues)	155.90	147.62
		668.99	350.72
10.	SHORT TERM PROVISIONS		
	Employee benefits	37.66	34.19
	Excise duty	6.50	4.82
	Provision for probable claims in respect of closed business	148.00	151.43
		192.16	190.44

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

11. TANGIBLE ASSETS

		GROSS BL	GROSS BLOCK-COST/BOOK VA	OOK VALUE		DE	PRECIATION	/AMORTISAT	EPRECIATION/AMORTISATION/IMPAIRMENT	ENT	NETB	LOCK
Description	Total As at 31 March 2016	Deductions on account of BTA	Additions/ adjustments during the year	Deductions/ adjustments during the year	Total As at 31 March 2017	Total As at 31 March 2016	Deductions on account of BTA	Provided for the year	Deductions/ adjustments during the year	Total As at 31 March 2017	Total As at 31 March 2017	Total As at 31 March 2016
Land (a) Freehold	26.73	89	23.08	33	49.81	88	-88	85	074		49.81	36.73
(b) Leasehold	15.35		5.28	*	20.63	2,48		0.26	rw.	2.74		12.87
Buildings	9999		9	3	0907000					7		
(a) Factory	220.52	*	30.80	29	251.32	45.26	9	12.09	34	57.35	193.97	175,26
(b) Others	40.87	8	0.29	78	41.16	4.59	9:	0.70	¥	5.29	35.87	36.28
Plant & machineries	1,453,56	1.0	102.10	0.04	1,555.62	501.68	80	66.34	0.03	567.99	987.63	951.88
Furniture & foctures	10.85	*	0.24	0.66	10.43	6.77	85	0.91	0.63	7.05	3,38	4.08
Office equipments	37.99		7.54	2.01	43.52	24.19	*0	5.97	1.24	28.92	14.60	13,80
/ehicles	9 47		77.6	0.44	11.80	2.49	29	2 34	0.44	200	18.5	00 9
(b) Others	0.04		63	0.01	0.03	0.03		10		0.02		0.01
TOTAL	1,815.38		172.10	3.16	1,984.32	589.49		88.61	2.35	675.75	1,308.57	1,225.89
Previous Year	3,143,46	6 754.38	67.19	640.89	1,815.38	1,066.63	304.49	107.61	280,26	589.49	1,225.89	2,076.83
Capital Work-in-progress	83				100						29.09	65.62

11.1 Certain assets acquired through Business Transfer Agreement (BTA) are under process of registration in the name of the Company and charges etc to be incurred shall be adjusted as and when incurred.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

12. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

		GROSS BL	GROSS BLOCK-COST/BOOK VAL	DOK VALUE		DEF	DEPRECIATION /	-	AMORTISATION/IMPAIRMEN	MENT	NETB	BLOCK
Description	Total As at 31 March 2016	Total As at 31 Deductions on March 2016 account of BTA	_	Additions/ Deductions/ adjustments adjustments during the year	Total As at 31 March 2017	Total As at 31 March 2016	Deductions on account of BTA	Deductions on Provided for the account of BTA year	Deductions/ adjustments during the year	Total As at 31 March 2017	Total As at 31 March 2017	Total As at 31 March 2016
Goodwill	1.74	50	(0)	40	1,74	0,70	63	0.17	i.	28.0	0.87	1.04
Software	7.35		0.15	8:3	7.50	5.55	(00)	1.12	Basi	6,67	0,83	1.80
TOTAL	60'6		0.15		9.24	6.25		1.29		7,54	1.70	2.84
Previous Year	1,292.97	42.80	+	1,241.08	60.6	534.56	34.82	66.83	560.32	6.25	2,84	758,41
Intangible assets under development											1.53	i

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

		As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
13.	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (net)		
	Deferred tax assets on account of:		
	Provisions for compensated absences and gratuity etc	43.74	43.74
	Unabsorbed depreciation and brought forward losses	1,020.73	1,020.73
		1,064.47	1,064.47
	Deferred tax liabilities on account of:		3 *50*-039560
	Accelerated depreciation/amortization	152.82	152.82
		152.82	152.82
	Deferred tax assets (net)	911.65	911.65
14.	LONG TERM LOANS & ADVANCES		
	(Unsecured, considered good)		
	Capital advances	0.06	1.22
	Security deposits	16.28	16.46
	Unamortised borrowing cost	27.70	28.56
	Loan to employees	1.53	1.48
		45.57	47.72

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

				As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
15.	CURRENT INVESTI (At cost)	MENTS			
	Number	Face value per unit	All unquoted unless otherwise specified		
			Non trade investments		
	448	₹10	Voith Paper Fabrics India Limited - equity shares-fully paid-up (quoted)	0.08	0.08
	(448)	(₹10)	SQLYCOSCIDENCE OF HE		
	530	₹10	Minerva Holding Limited - equity shares-fully paid-up (Refer note 15.2)	175	
	(530)	(₹ 10)	, and the same of		
	132	₹100	Kashipur Holdings Limited - equity shares-fully paid-up (Refer note 15.2)	-21	
	(132)	(₹ 100)			
				0.08	0.08
			Aggregate amount of quoted investments		
			- Cost	0.08	0.08
			- Market value	0.28	0.22

^{15.1} Figures in () are in respect of previous year.

^{15.2} Shares were received free of cost under the Scheme of Arrangement (1997) approved by the Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

20. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Other current assets

		77# (CEN)	(₹ in million)
		As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
16.	INVENTORIES		
760	Raw materials [including in transit ₹ 97.56 million (Previous Year: B332 121.19 million)]	212.91	241.54
			10.83
	Work-in-progress	37.95	UNITED SERVICES
	Finished goods	196.94	190.86
	Traded goods	10.84	11.20
	Stores and spares [including in transit Nil (Previous Year: ₹ 0.16 million)]	40.91	43.10
	Others - Fuels & packing materials	19.41 518.96	18.07 515.6
	For method of valuation refer note 2 E.	320.30	223.00
17	TRADE RECEIVABLES		1
	(Unsecured)		
	Outstanding for period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment		
	Considered good	131.53	150.05
	Doubtful	11.32	3.08
	Doduttii	142.85	153.13
	Other receivables		1000 Feb.
	Considered good	1,066.56	893.71
	Doubtful		
		1,066.56	893.71
	Total Trade receivables	1,209.41	1,046.84
	Less: Provision for bad and doubtful receivables	11.32	3.08
	LESS. FIOTISION TO SHE WITE BOUNTS FLECTIONES	1,198.09	1,043.76
7.1	Trade receivable includes subsidy receivable ₹ 251.97 million (Previous Year: ₹ 275.87 million). [Refer note 2 L) As at	(₹ in million)
		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
18,	CASH & BANK BALANCES		
	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Balance With Banks		- Secondaria
	- On current accounts	19.00	25.30
	Cash in hand	0.09	0.04
	Cheques/Drafts on hand	0.83	0.42
	Others		
	- Gift/Meal vouchers in hand	0.42	0.18
	- Funds in transit	5.19	
		25.53	25.94
	Other bank balances	-	4.00
	Margin money with bank*	2.09	4.83
		2.09	4.83
		27.62	30.77
*	For bank guarantees in favour of government authorities.		W. T
		A STATE OF THE STA	(₹ in million)
		As at	As at
		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
19.	SHORT TERM LOANS & ADVANCES		
	Security Deposits	150.02	147.16
		73.11	71.80
	Deposits/Balances with government authorities	16.84	33.69
	Advance payment of income tax Inter-corporate loan to holding company including interest (Refer note 44)	40.04	11.38
		0,17	1.78
	Employee loans & advances Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received:	0.17	4.70
	Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or Tor Value to be received:		
		62.42	130 00
	- Related parties (Refer note 44)	63.43 59.18	130.90
		63.43 59.18 362.75	130.90 92.35 489.0

489.06

1.05

1.05

362.75

0.83

0.83

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

					(₹ in million)
			For the year		For the year
			ended 31 March		ended 31 March
			2017		2016
21.	REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS				
	Sale of products		5,168.65		5,858.92
	Sale of services		2.95		47.75
	Other operating income		23.77		48.89
	Revenue from operations (gross)		5,195.37		5,955.56
1.1	PARTICULARS OF SALE OF PRODUCTS				
	Performance polymers		3,793.07		3,584.30
	Single super phosphate		995.89		1,004.74
	Sulphuric acid		241.19		212.65
	Agro chemicals		49.10		32.53
	Miscellaneous goods retail operation		1.5		917.70
	Steam		89.40		107.00
	a bearing and a second a second and a second a second and		5,168.65		5,858.92
1.2	PARTICULARS OF SALE OF SERVICES				
	Sub leasing services		*		43.86
	Other services		2.95		3.89 47.75
1.3	PARTICULARS OF OTHER OPERATING INCOME		2,33		47,170
	Display charges and klosk rentals		(6)		24.64
	Export incentives		15.05		15.97
	Scrap sales		8.72		8.28
22.	OTHER INCOME		23.77		48.89
	Interest income [including interest on income tax refund of ₹ 0.94 million (Previous	s Year: ₹ 0.67	10/10/24		121922
	million)]		2.05		13.99
	Insurance claim		1.86		7.83
	Other non-operating income		4.83		8.72
			8.74		30.54
23.	COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED				
	Raw & process materials consumed		2,497.39		2,319.65
	A Provide Annual Control of Contr		2,497.39		2,319.65
			2,437.33		2,313,03
3.1	PARTICULARS OF RAW & PROCESS MATERIALS CONSUMED				
	Rock phosphate		511.19		428,94
	Vinyl acetate monomer		648.94		714.37
	Butadiene		298.48		159.67
	VP monomer		294.72		285.49
	Sulphur		170.67	1	238.62
	PVA		82.93		85.36
	Others		490.46		407.20
	Others		2,497.39		2,319.65
3.2	PARTICULARS OF IMPORTED AND INDIGENOUS RAW & PROCESS MATERIALS		11		
19.00EK	CONSUMED		*In million		₹ in million
	D	% 52.04	₹in million	% 56.05	1,300.17
	Imported Indigenous	52.84 47.16	1,319.60 1,177.79	43.95	1,019.48
	mulgenous.	(3300055)	Usto State	1000000	
		100.00	2,497.39	100.00	2,319.65

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

Masking tape

Others

Details of traded goods:

		For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
24.	PURCHASE OF TRADED GOODS		
	Purchase of traded goods	75.95	777.54
		75.95	777.54
24.1	PARTICULARS OF PURCHASE OF TRADED GOODS		
	Vinyl acetate monomer		45.08
	Agro chemicals	22.69	8.11
	Masking tape	39.45	16.35
	Miscellaneous goods-retail operation		690.98
	Others	13.81	17.02
		75.95	777.54
25.	CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF WORK-IN-PROGRESS, FINISHED GOODS AND TRADED GOODS		
	Stock at commencement - Work-in-progress	10.83	66.66
	Stock at commencement - Finished goods	190.86	222.93
	Stock at commencement - Traded goods	11.20	325.64
		212.89	615.23
	Stock at close - Work-in-progress	37.95	10.83
	Stock at close - Finished goods	196,94	190.86
	Stock at close - Traded goods	10.84	11,20
		245.73	212.89
	Decrease /(Increase) in stocks	(32.84)	402,34
	Less: Transfer of Inventory under BTA (Refer note 31)		260.40
	Net decrease /(Increase) in stocks	(32.84)	141.94
25.1	PARTICULARS OF INVENTORIES		
	Details of work-in-progress:		9550
	Performance polymers	17.10	10.68
	Single super phosphate	20.32	(47/0)2
	Sulphuric acid	0.53	0.15
	Details of finished goods:		100000
	Performance polymers	177.47	186.96
	Single super phosphate	15.94	13
	Sulphuric acid	3.00	3.58
	Agro chemicals	0.53	0.32
	90 7 90 (** 90 00 00 00 00 00	400.04	100.00

196.94

6.14

4.70

10.84

190.86

5.64

5.56

11.20

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)				(₹ in million)
			For the year ended 31 March 2017		For the year ended 31 March 2016
26.	OTHER MANUFACTURING EXPENSES				
	Power and fuel		142.34		134.69
	Stores, spares & packing materials consumed		278.82		276.32
	Repairs to plant & machinery		50.60		43.32
	Repairs to factory building		4.37		2.39
	Excise duty (Refer note 34)		1.68		0.74
			477.81		457.46
26.1	PARTICULARS OF IMPORTED AND INDIGENOUS STORES, SPARES & PACKING MATERIAL CONSUMED				
		%	₹ in million	%	₹ in million
	Imported	0.99	2.76	0.81	2.25
	Indigenous	99.01	276.06	99.19	274.07
		100.00	278.82	100.00	276.32
27.	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE				
	Salaries, wages, bonus, gratuity & allowances		623.58		747.94
	Contribution to provident, superannuation and other funds		29.68		35.53
	Staff welfare expenses		33.83		33.78
			687.09		817.25
28.	FINANCE COSTS				
	Interest expense		285.82		337.95
	Other borrowings cost		15.39		53.83
	Exchange difference to the extent considered as an adjustment to borrowing cost		(4.98)		20.30
			296.23		412.08

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

(₹	in	million))
Fo	or t	he year	

		For the year	For the year
			ended 31 March
		ended 31 March	2016
		2017	2016
29. (OTHER EXPENSES		
F	Rent (Refer note 37)	39.71	152.23
F	Rates & taxes	3.40	5.99
1	nsurance	11.57	17.08
/	Advertisement, publicity & sales promotion	138.11	100.38
1	ravelling & other incidental expenses	76.95	61.90
F	Repair & maintenance - others	44.57	83.40
1	/ehicle running & maintenance (including vehicle lease rental)	5.70	3.43
	Printing & stationery	3.21	5.33
	Communication expenses	9.18	10.18
	staff recruitment & training	36.71	24.90
/	Auditors remuneration - As auditors	1.17	1.07
	- For limited review	0.21	0.21
	- For taxation matters	0.23	0.23
	- For certifications etc	0.49	0.90
	- Out of pocket expenses	0.15	0.23
1	egal, professional and consultancy charges	54.11	53.53
	Directors' sitting fees	1.59	1.54
	Bank charges	7.86	17.93
	Viscellaneous expenses	4.76	2.89
	oreign exchange fluctuation loss - (net of gain)	11.90	(0.67)
	reight & forwarding	214.33	222.00
	Commission on Sales	26.50	23.98
	Discounts, claims to customers and other selling expenses	36.53	42.82
	Bad Debts/ irrecoverable advances & receivables written off/written in (net)	(5.34)	(3.82
	oss on sale/disposal of fixed assets	0.05	0.88
		723.65	828.54
30. E	EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS		
a) L	oss on sale/closure of retail business (Refer note 31)		
100	- Goodwill written off		680.75
	- Fixed assets written off	-	136.41
	- LRER reversal		(101.52
	- Write in of miscellaneous items (net)	2:407	(0.80
	TREATMENT OF TAXABLE AND		714.84
b) E	expenses incurred for scheme of capital reduction	727	3.52
	Jnamortised balance of borrowing cost	N. C.	31.00
0.53	Provision for bad and doubtful receivables	8.62	(8)
AVERAGE	550 AMMAN GOY (AMCCASSA) (ARC) (ARC)	8.62	749.36

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

31. Disclosure of discontinuing operations in terms of Accounting Standard 24:

During the previous year, as per the approval of the Board of the Company at its meeting held on May 12, 2015, the Company had transferred with effect from 12 August 2015 its retail hypermarket business undertaking consisting inter alia of 4 (four) hypermarket stores in Bengaluru, India along with certain specified assets and liabilities including dedicated employees, contracts, licenses, permits, consents and approvals relating to the said undertaking to Aditya Birla Retail Limited (the Buyer) as a going concern for a lump sum consideration of Rs 603.78 million by way of slump sale through a Business Transfer Agreement (BTA). Post receipt of all necessary regulatory and third party approvals, the Retail Undertaking was transferred to the said Buyer and process of transfer continued and got completed in March 2016 with settlement of all accounts and necessary approvals.

Further, the company had also closed mall business of retail division during the previous year.

In accordance with Accounting Standard 24 on "Discontinuing Operations", the Retail division had been treated as discontinuing operations for the purpose of these financial statements.

The information of discontinuing business is as below:

(₹ in million)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
Total revenue		986.51
Total expenditure*	20 (8)	1980.61
Profit/(Loss) before tax	**	(994.10)
Profit/(Loss) after Tax		(994.10)
Total assets	調	45
Total liabilities		Te/
Net assets	N. C.	121

^{*} Including exceptional items amounting ₹714.84 million.

Net cash flows attributable to the above discontinued operations are as follows:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
Net cash flows from operating activities		(421.68)
Net cash flows from investing activities		596.94
Net cash flows from financing activities		(202.98)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

32. Contingent Liabilities & Commitments (to the extent not provided for)

- I) Claims against Company not acknowledged as debt*:
- a) Claims/Demands in respect of which proceeding or appeals are pending and are not acknowledged as debts on account of:

1)		(₹ in million)
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Central excise	26.60	42.23
Customs	9.13	8.46
Sales tax	4.68	2.17
Service tax	0.33	3.27
Others	60.52	60.52

^{*} Inclusive of contingent liabilities taken over in term of the Business Transfer Agreement and Scheme of Arrangement. Certain of the above demands are still in the name of Jubilant Industries Limited/ Jubilant Life Sciences Limited.

- ii) In respect of Single super phosphate (SSP) the Trade Tax Assessing Officer, Gajraula, has assessed the Gypsum Content of SSP and held that the same is liable to trade tax, though, there is no tax on fertilizer for the period 1 April 2002 to 31 December 2007 and raised a demand of ₹ 34.45 million (Previous Year: ₹ 34.45 million). The same is being contested before Hon'ble Allahabad High Court by Jubilant Life Sciences Limited but any possible liability will flow to the Company in terms of the Scheme.
- iii) A civil suit (OS No. 5549/2013) has been filed by Kids Kemp (the lessor) against Food Express Stores and the Company, and the same is pending before the City Civil Court Bangalore. Part of the claims were settled by means of a compromise petition between the parties and the remaining claims amounting to ₹ 23.10 million (Previous Year: ₹ 23.10 million) relate to claims for past periods. The company has filed detailed statement of objections and is strongly contesting the claims on a number of grounds, including that a significant part of the claims is barred by the law of limitation. The company is reasonably confident that its position will be upheld by the court. Hence, no liability is acknowledged. This relates to the Retail business which has been sold out.
- iv) Another suit (OS No. 5561/2014) is pending before the City Civil Court, Bangalore and has been filed against the company by Shivashakti Builders (the lessor) amounting to ₹ 218.86 million (Previous Year: ₹ 218.86 million). The matter relates to damages allegedly suffered by the plaintiff due to the termination of a lease arrangement by the Company. The company has filed detailed objections to the plaint and has explained the reasons as to why it terminated the lease arrangement. The matter is pending in trial and the company is reasonably confident of its chances of success in this matter. This relates to Retail business which has been sold out.
- b) Outstanding guarantees furnished by banks on behalf of the Company/by the Company including in respect of letters of credit is ₹ 436.85 million (Previous Year: ₹ 484.04 million).

II) Commitments

a) Capital Commitments:

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances) ₹ 0.77 million (Previous Year: ₹ 5.75 million) [Advances ₹ 0.06 million (Previous Year: ₹ 1.22 million)].

b) Other Commitments:

- i) Export obligation under Advance License Scheme on duty free import of raw materials, remaining outstanding ₹ 64.32 million (Previous Year: ₹ Nil)
- ii) For lease commitment refer note 37.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

33. Micro and Small Business Entities

There are no micro and small enterprises, to whom the Company owes dues, which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at 31 March 2017. The information as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED) has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

(₹ in million)

		Leminimon
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
(i) Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	6.70	11.41
(ii) Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year		
(iii) The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day		(4)
(iv) The amount of interest due and payable for the year		100
(v) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year		2.53
(vi) The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid	Æ	(2)

Dues to micro and small enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

- 34. Excise duty under manufacturing expenses denotes provision on stock deferential and other claims/ payments.
- 35. Consequent to re-evaluation of certain tax provisions relating to earlier years, ₹ 6.28 million have been written off during the year.
- 36. During the current year, the Company has adopted componentisation of fixed assets in pursuance of and in compliance of Schedule II of Companies Act, 2013 and accordingly depreciation expenses for the current year is higher by by ₹ 2.45 million.

37. Disclosures of leasing arrangements

Operating lease:

a. The Company's significant operating lease arrangements are in respect of premises (residential, offices, godowns, vehicles etc.). These leasing arrangements, which are cancellable, range between 11 months and 3 years generally and are usually renewable by mutual agreeable terms. The aggregate lease rentals have been charged as expenses.

In case of hyper markets, the Company had operating lease for its office premises, warehouses and hyper markets for a period of 4 to 29 years. During the previous year, the Company had transferred hyper markets to Aditya Birla Retail Limited under Business Transfer Agreement with effect from 12 August 2015 and closed the mall business. Therefore, Lease rent equalisation reserve of Rs.101,52 million stands reversed and shown as an exceptional item during the previous year. (Refer note 30)

b. The Company has operating lease arrangements in respect of vehicles which are cancellable, range between 2 years and 5 years. The aggregate lease rentals payable are charged as expenses. Rental expenses recognized under such leases amounting to ₹ 0.98 million (Previous year: ₹ 0.13 million) has been included under vehicle running and maintenance expense in note 29.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

II) Assets acquired under finance lease:

The Company has taken vehicles under finance lease. Future minimum lease payments and their present values under finance leases as at 31 March 2017 are as follows:

(₹ in million)

Particulars	Minimum lease payments	Present value of minimum lease payments	Future interest
	3.03	2.42	0.61
Not later than one year	(2.74)	(2.15)	(0.59)
Value Spaces de l'accessorate de Managamagama vigare	3.86	3.45	0.41
Later than one year but not later than five years	(3.81)	(3.36)	(0.45)
	*		70
Later than five years	(-)	(-)	(-)

- a) Previous year figures are given in parenthesis.
- b) There is no element of contingent rent or sub lease payments. Company has option to purchase the assets at the end of the lease term. There are no restrictions imposed by these lease arrangements regarding dividend, additional debt and further leasing.
- 38. In line with the applicable accounting standard, during the year preoperative expenses amount to ₹ 12.69 million have been capitalized up to the date of commercial production/stabilisation of the project.
- 39. Disclosure required by Accounting Standard 29 (AS-29) "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets"

Movement in provisions

	Particulars of disclosure	Excise duty	Provisions for bad and doubtful receivable	Provision for closure of certain units of retail segment	Provision for probable claims in respect of closed business
nu.	D. J. J. A. J. 1704.C	4.82	3.08	7000	151.43
1	Balance as at 1 April 2016	(4.08)	(17.58)	(233.49)	(148.88)
_		6.50	9.63	1.51	
2	Additional provision during 2016-2017	(4.82)	(-)	(-)	(5.00)
0411	Economy Without Assembly and the Assembly Balls English	4.82	1.39		3.42
3	Provision used during 2016-17	(4.08)	(14.50)	(233.49)	(2.45)
33		6.50	11.32		148.01
4	Balance as at 31 March 2017	(4.82)	(3.08)	(-)	(151.43)

- a. Previous year figures are given in parenthesis.
- Provision for excise duty represents the excise duty on closing stock of finished goods.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

40. Hedging and derivatives

The Company uses derivative instruments such as foreign exchange forward contracts to selectively hedge its exposures to movement in foreign exchange rates. These derivatives instruments are not used for speculative or trading purposes.

The following are the outstanding derivative contracts entered in to by the Company as at 31 March 2017:

	Currency	Cross Currency	Amount (in million	Buy/Sell
Forward Contracts	(EURO)	(INR)	(0.06)	(Sell)

Note: Previous year figures are given in parenthesis

Foreign currency exposures not hedged by derivative instrument:

	Amount (foreign currency in million)			
	As at 31 March	2017	As at 31 March	2016
90 00 0007 00 00 00 00 00 000007	USD	3.34	USD	1.92
Amount receivable on account of sale of goods and others	EURO	0.85	EURO	0.68
	USD	6.37	USD	7.66
Amount payable on account of purchase of goods, services etc	EURO	0.13	EURO	0.28

41. Loan to Holding Company, including interest thereon pursuant to information required to be disclosed under clause 32 of listing agreement.

(₹ in million)

Particulars	(including int	ng amount erest accrued eon)	Maximum outstanding du	10001111111111111111111111111111111111	
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	2016-17	2015-16	
Jubilant Industries Limited		11.38	11.38	11.38	

42. Employee benefits have been calculated as under:

(A) Defined contribution plans

- a) Provident fund*
- b) Superannuation fund

During the year the Company has contributed following amounts to:

(₹ in million)

	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
Employer's contribution to provident fund	0.99	3.57
Employer's contribution to employee pension scheme, 1995	7.92	10.55
Employer's contribution to superannuation fund	2.20	2.57

^{*} For certain employees where provident fund is deposited with Government Authorities e.g. Regional Provident Fund Commissioner.

c) State plans

During the year the Company has contributed following amounts to:

	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
Employer's contribution to employee state insurance	0.09	0.61

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

(B) Defined benefit plan

a) Compensated absences and gratuity

In accordance with Accounting Standard 15, an actuarial valuation has been carried out in respect of gratuity and compensated absences. The discount rate assumed is 7.37 % (Previous Year: 7.90%) which is determined by reference to market yield at the Balance Sheet date on Government bonds. The retirement age has been considered at 58 to 60 years and mortality table is as per IALM (2006-08) [Previous Year: IALM (2006-08)].

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation is 9% p.a. for first three years and 5% p.a. thereafter (Previous Year: 10% p.a. for first three years and 5% p.a. thereafter) take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of the defined benefit obligation:

(₹ in million)

	Gratuity*		Leave encashment	
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Present value of obligation at the beginning of the year	67.55	69.62	35.18	36.25
Current service cost	7.42	6.97	7.31	6.77
Past service Cost	4.15			
Interest cost	5.34	4.93	2.78	2.52
Actuarial (gain)/loss	4.20	7.12	1.69	4.28
Benefits paid	(14.91)	(12.84)	(9.66)	(10.68)
Adjustment on account of Business Transfer Agreement	atometer	(8.25)		(3.96)
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	73.75	67.55	37.30	35.18

Reconciliation of the present value of defined benefit obligation and the fair value of the plan assets:

(₹in million)

	Gratuity*		Leave encashment		
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016	31 March 2017	31 March 2016	
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	73.75	67.55	37.30	35.18	
Fair value of plan assets at end of the year Assets/(Liabilities) recognized in the Balance Sheet	(73.75)	(67.55)	(37.30)	(35.18)	

Cost recognized for the year (included under salaries, wages, bonus, gratuity & allowances):

(₹ in million)

	Grat	Leave encashment		
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Current service cost	7.42	6.97	7.31	6.77
Past service Cost	4.15			-
Interest cost	5.34	4.93	2.78	2.52
Actuarial (gain)/loss	4.20	7.12	1.69	4.28
Net cost recognized during the year	21.11	19.02	11.78	13.57

^{*}Excluding for certain employees of Sahibabad unit.

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of the defined benefits obligation**:

	Gratuity			
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016		
Present value of obligation at the beginning of the year	8.73	6.74		
Current service cost	0.56	0.51		
Interest cost	0.69	0.54		
Actuarial (gain)/loss	0.32	0.94		
Benefits paid	(0.19)			
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	10.11	8.73		

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

Reconciliation of the present value of defined benefit obligation and the fair value of the plan assets**:

(₹ in million)

	Gratuity			
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016		
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	10.11	8.73		
Fair value of plan assets at end of the year	7.96	7.39		
Funded status excess of actual over estimated	0.02	0.04		
Assets/(Liabilities) recognized in the Balance Sheet	(2.15)	(1.34)		

Cost recognized for the year (included under Salaries, Wages, Bonus, Gratuity & Allowances)**: (Funded with Life Insurance Corporation of India)

(₹in million)

	Grat	uity
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Current service cost	0.56	0.51
Interest cost	0.69	0.54
Actuarial (gain)/loss	0.30	0.90
Expected return on plan assets	(0.55)	(0.51)
Net cost recognized during the year	1.00	1.44

^{**} In respect of certain employees of Sahibabad unit.

Experience Adjustment:

(₹ in million)

	Gratuity		Leave encashment	
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Defined benefit obligation	83.86	76.27	37.30	35.18
Plan assets	7.96	7.39	-	
Surplus/(Deficit)	(75.90)	(68.88)	(37.30)	(35.18)
Experience adjustment of plan liabilities-(loss)/gain	(2.28)	(3.17)	(0.43)	(4.28)
Experience Adjustment of plan assets-(boss)/gain	0.02	(0.04)		## MANAGES AND

b) Provident Fund

The Guidance on implementation of AS 15, Employee Benefits (Revised 2005) issued by Accounting Standard Board (ASB) states that benefits involving provident funds, which require interest shortfall to be compensated, are to be considered as defined benefit plans. The actuary has worked out a liability of ₹ Nil (Previous Year: ₹ Nil) likely to arise towards interest guarantee. The Trust is managing common corpus of some of the group companies. The total liability of ₹ Nil (Previous Year: ₹ Nil) as worked out by the actuary has been allocated to each entity based on the corpus value of each entity as on 31 March 2017. Accordingly, liability of ₹ Nil (Previous Year: ₹ Nil) has been allocated to the Company and ₹ Nil (Previous Year: ₹ Nil million) has been charged to Statement of Profit and Loss during the year. The Company has contributed ₹ 17.98 million (Previous Year: ₹ 16.22 million) to provident fund for the year.

(C) Other Long Term Benefits (Sick leave)

(₹ in million)

	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	5.03	4.40

43. Segment Reporting

- I) Based on the guiding principles given in Accounting Standard 17 (AS 17) on "Segment Reporting", the Company's primary business segments are organized around customers on industry and products lines as under:
- a. Performance Polymers: Adhesives and Wood Finish, Food Polymer (Solid PVA), and Latex.
- b. Agri Products: Single Super Phosphate, Sulphuric Acid and Agro Chemicals for Crop Products.
- c. Retail: Engaged in running and maintaining hypermarkets cum malls (Refer note 31).
- II) In respect of secondary segment information, the Company has identified its geographical segments as:
- a. With in India, and
- b. Outside India.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

III) The financial information about the primary business segments is presented in the table given below:

	For the year ended/As at 31 March,	Perforn Polyn		Agri Pro	oducts	Ret	ail	Tota	ıl
		2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
1)	Revenue from operations (gross)	3,816.91	3,609.08	1,378.46	1359.97	50	986.51	5195.37	5955.56
2)	Segments result Less :	293.05	398,55	126.89	22.45	**	(213.33)	419.94	207.6
	Exceptional Items							8.62	749.36
	Interest (Finance costs)							296.23	412.08
	Other Un-allocable expenditure (net of Un- allocable income)							113.60	92.07
	Total profit/(loss) before tax	293.05	398,55	126.89	22.45	- 2	(213.33)	1.49	(1,045.84)
3)	Capital employed (segment assets-segment liabilities) Segment assets Add: Common assets	1,875.25	1,675.12	1,267.43	1,302.16		-	3,142.68 352.11	2,977,28 445.11
	Total assets	1,875.25	1,675.12	1,267.43	1,302.16			3,494.79	3,422.39
	Segment liabilities Add: Common liabilities	706.62	599.72	300.85	256.33	\$7	20	1,007.47 301.72	856.05 284.32
	Total liabilities	706.62	599.72	300.85	256.33	8	*	1,309.19	1,140.37
	Segments capital employed Add: Common capital employed	1,168.63	1,075.40	966.58	1,045.83	25	26	2,135.21 50.39	2,121.23 160.79
	Total capital employed	1,168.63	1,075.40	966.58	1,045.83		*	2,185.60	2,282.02
4)	Segment capital expenditure Add: Common capital expenditure	75.25	87.12	28.39	5.02	28	*	103.64 33.61	92.14 6.75
	Total capital expenditure	75.25	87.12	28.39	5.02	*		137.25	98.89
5)	Depreciation & amortization Add: Common depreciation & amortization	37.86	31.90	42.72	43.05		90.85	80.58 9.32	165.80 8.64
	Total depreciation & amortization (Charged to Statement of profit and loss)	37.86	31.90	42.72	43.05		90.85	89.90	174.44

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

IV) Secondary segments (geographical segments):

	77	(4	in million)
	For the year ended/As at 31 March,	2017	2016
a)	Revenue from operations (gross) by geographical location of customers		
	Within India	4258.68	5036.16
	Outside India	936.69	919.40
	Total	5195.37	5955.56
b)	Carrying amount of segment assets		
	Within India	3219.71	3239.66
	Outside India	275.08	182.73
	Total	3494.79	3422.39
c)	Capital expenditure Within India Outside India	137.25	98.89 -
	Total	137.25	98.89
d)	Revenue from operations by geographical market		
	India	4258.68	5036.16
	Americas & Europe	658.92	721.00
	China	25.56	69.06
	Asia & Others	252.21	129.34
	Total	5195.37	5955.56

- 1) The Company has disclosed business segments as the primary segments.
- Segments have been identified and reported taking into account the nature of products and services, the differing risk and returns, the organization structure and the internal financial reporting systems.
- The segment revenues, results, assets and liabilities include the respective amounts identifiable to each of the segments and amounts allocated on a reasonable basis.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

44. Related Party Disclosures

1) Related parties where control exists:

Holding Company: Jubilant Industries Limited

Fellow Subsidiary Company: Jubilant Industries Inc. USA

- 2) Other Related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year:
- a) Key management personnel: Mr. Videh Jaipuriar (Whole Time Director), Mr. Raman Mangalorkar (Whole Time Director) (up to 12 August 2015), Mr. Sandeep Kumar Shaw (Chief Financial Officer) (Up to 28 April, 2017), Mr. Umesh Sharma (Chief Financial Officer) (w.e.f. 24 May, 2017), Mr. Deepak Garg (Company Secretary) (up to 13 October 2015), Ms. Sheetal Kapoor (Company Secretary) (w.e.f. 28 October 2015 and Up to 05 July 2016).
- b) Enterprise over which directors and major shareholders of the Company have significant influence: Jubilant Life Sciences Limited, Jubilant Life Sciences (USA) Inc. USA, Jubilant Generics Limited, Jubilant Enpro (P) Limited, Jubilant Motor Works (P) Limited, JOGPL (P) Limited (formerly, known as Jubilant Oil and Gas (P) Limited).
- c) Others: Pace Marketing Specialities Limited Officer's Superannuation Scheme (Trust), VAM Employees Provident Fund Trust, Jubilant Bhartla Foundation.

3) Details of related party transactions during the year:

	V			W	(₹ in million
Particulars .	Holding company	Fellow subsidiary company	Key management person	Enterprise over which directors and major shareholders of the Company have significant influence	Others
i) Purchase of goods, utilities & services (1)	-			176.81 (167.86)	
wedshilder a New York Control for Anatomy Statement in As		352.78	(115.95	
ii) Sale of goods, utilities & services (2)		(488.70)		(136.96)	
iii) Payment of rent to (3)				34.93 (31.22)	
iv) Contribution towards provident fund (4)					50.59 (41.69
v) Contribution towards superannuation fund (5)					2.20
vi) Recovery of expenses (6)	9.40			0.03	
vii) Reimbursement of expenses (7)				1.80 (3.05)	
viii) Inter-corporate loans taken (8)				(90.00)	
ix) Interest converted in to inter-corporate loans taken (9)				34.12 (14.82)	
x) Interest converted in to inter-corporate loans given (10)	1.38 (0.95)				
xi) Interest expense on inter-corporate loan taken (11)				72.21 (78.60)	
xII) Interest income on inter-corporate loan given (12)	0.67 (1.53)				
xiii) Repayment of Interest converted in to inter corporate loan taken (13)				34.12 (14.82)	
Interest converted in to inter corporate loan received back(14)	1.38 (0.95)				
xv) Inter corporate loan received back (15)	10.00				
xvi) Remuneration and related expenses (16)			30.71 (33.55)		

(₹ in million)

alance as at 31 March 2017					
Particulars	Holding company	Fellow subsidiary company	Key management person	Enterprise over which directors and major shareholders of the Company have substantial influence	Others
xvii) Current account debit/credit (-) balance (17)	63.43 (130.90)			-17.94 (-14.43)	
xviii) Outstanding payables (18)				70.98 (33.67)	
xix) Outstanding receivables (19)		112.67 (70.73)		30.43 (20.60)	
xx) Equity share capital held by (20)	0.50 (0.50)				
xxi) 10% Optionally convertible non-cumulative redeemable preference share capital held by (21)	1648.82 (1648.82)				
xxii) 10% Non-cumulative redeemable preference share capital held by (22)	974.80 (974.80)				
xxiii) Outstanding of inter-corporate loans taken (23)				555.00 (555.00)	
xxiv) Outstanding of inter-corporate loans given (24)	(10.00)				
xxv) Interest payable on inter-corporate loan taken (25)				55.83 (34.12)	
xxvi) Interest receivable on inter-corporate loan given (26)	(1.38)				
xxvii) Financial guarantee received from and outstanding at the end of the year (27)	2344.64 (2514.52)				

Note: Previous year figures are given in parenthesis.

Details of related party transactions Individually:

		2017	2016
For	the Year Ended/As at 31 March	2017	2016
1)	Purchase of goods, utilities & services:		
	Enterprise over which directors and major shareholders of the Company have significant influence:-		1933
	Jubilant Life Sciences Limited	172.67	163.76
	Jubilant Generics Limited	4.14	4.10
2)	Sale of goods, utilities & services:		
	Enterprise over which directors and major shareholders of the Company have significant influence:-		
	Jubilant Life Sciences Limited	115.95	136.96
	Fellow subsidiary Co:-	433544	
	Jubilant Industries Inc. USA	352.78	488.70
3)	Payment of rent to:		
	Enterprise over which directors and major shareholders of the Company have significant influence:-		
	Jubilant Life Sciences Limited	34.93	31.22
4)	Contribution towards provident fund:		
	Others:-	0.00000	
	VAM Employees Provident Fund Trust	50.59	41.69
5)	Contribution towards superannuation fund:		
	Others:-		
	Pace Marketing Specialities Limited Officer's Superannuation Scheme	2.20	2.57
6)	Recovery of expenses:		
	Enterprise over which directors and major shareholders of the Company have significant influence:-		
	JOGPL (P) Limited (formerly, known as Jubilant Oil and Gas (P) Limited)	0.03	
	Holding Co.:-	20000	
	Jubilant Industries Limited	9.40	

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

For	the Year Ended/As at 31 March	2017	2016
7)	Reimbursement of expenses:		
	Enterprise over which directors and major shareholders of the Company have significant influence:-		
	Jubilant Life Sciences Limited	1.80	3.05
8)	Inter-corporate loans taken :		
	Enterprise over which directors and major shareholders of the Company have significant influence:-		
	Jubilant Enpro (P) Limited	*	40.00
	Jubilant Motor Works (P) Limited	*	50.00
9)	Interest converted in to inter-corporate loans taken:		
	Enterprise over which directors and major shareholders of the Company have significant influence:-		
	Jubilant Enpro (P) Limited	14.84	10.08
	Jubilant Motor Works (P) Limited	19.28	4.74
10)	Interest converted in to inter-corporate loans given :		
	Holding Co.:-		
	Jubilant Industries Limited	1.38	0.95
11)	Interest expense on inter-corporate loans taken :		
	Enterprise over which directors and major shareholders of the Company have significant influence:-		
	Jubilant Enpro (P) Limited	32.86	33.15
	Jubilant Motor Works (P) Limited	39.35	45.45
12)	Interest income on inter-corporate loans given :		
076	Holding Co.:-		
	Jubilant Industries Limited	0.67	1.53
13)	Repayment of interest converted in to inter corporate loan taken:	575.555	
,	Enterprise over which directors and major shareholders of the Company have significant influence:-		
	Jubilant Enpro (P) Limited	14.84	10.08
	Jubilant Motor Works (P) Limited	19.28	4.74
141	Interest converted in to inter corporate loan received back:		
1-1	Holding Co.:-		
	Jubilant Industries Limited	1.38	0.95
151		673371	
15)			
	Holding Co.:- Jubilant Industries Limited	10.00	1.0
ies		20.00	
16)			
	Key management personnel:-	22.61	16.22
	Videh Jaipuriar (Whole Time Director)	22.01	*9.31
	Raman Mangalorkar (Whole Time Director) (*Up to 12 August 2015)	7.85	6.64
	Sandeep Kumar Shaw (Chief Financial Officer)	7,65	0.95
	Deepak Garg (Company Secretary)	0.25	0.43
	Sheetal Kapoor (Company Secretary)	0.25	0.43
17)	Current Account debit/(credit) balances:		
	Holding Co.:-	62.42	420.00
	Jubilant Industries Limited - Receivable/(Payable)	63.43	130.90
	Enterprise over which directors and major shareholders of the Company have significant influence:-	(47.04)	14.4.401
	Jubilant Life Sciences Limited - (Payable)	(17.94)	(14.43)
18)			
	Enterprise over which directors and major shareholders of the Company have significant influence:-	1	1000000
	Jubilant Life Sciences Limited	64.94	32.14
	Jubilant Life Sciences (USA) Inc. USA	4.15	0.59
	Jubilant Generics Limited	1.89	0.94
19)	Outstanding receivables:		
	Enterprise over which directors and major shareholders of the Company have significant influence:-		
	Jubilant Life Sciences Limited	30.43	20.60
	Fellow subsidiary Co:-		
	Jubilant Industries Inc. USA	112.67	70.73
20)	Equity share capital held by:		
3395	Holding Co.:-		
	Jubilant Industries Limited	0.50	0.50

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

_		2017	(₹ in million)
For	the Year Ended/As at 31 March	2017	2016
21)	10% Optionally convertible non-cumulative redeemable preference share capital held by:	1 1	
	Holding Co.:-		
	Jubilant Industries Limited	1648.82	1648.82
22)	10% Non-cumulative redeemable preference share capital held by:		
	Holding Co.:-	V/900.2590	
	Jubilant Industries Limited	974.80	974.80
23)	Outstanding of inter-corporate loans taken :	1 1	
	Enterprise over which directors and major shareholders of the Company have significant influence:-		
	Jubilant Enpro (P) Limited	240.00	240.00
	Jubilant Motor Works (P) Limited	315.00	315.00
24)	Outstanding of inter-corporate loans given :		
	Holding Co.:-		
	Jubilant Industries Limited	8	10.00
25)	Interest payable on inter-corporate loans taken :		
	Enterprise over which directors and major shareholders of the Company have significant influence:-		
	Jubilant Enpro (P) Limited	30.33	14.84
	Jubilant Motor Works (P) Limited	25.50	19.28
26)	Interest receivable on inter-corporate loans given :		
	Holding Co.:-		
	Jubilant Industries Limited		1.38
27)	Financial guarantee received from and outstanding at the end of the year:	1 1	
	Holding Co.:-		
	Jubilant Industries Limited	2,344.64	2,514.52

27) The Company has established a comprehensive system of maintenance of information and documents as required by the transfer pricing legislation under sections 92-92F of the Income-tax Act, 1961. Since the law requires existence of such information and documentation to be contemporaneous in nature, the Company is in the process of updating the documentation for the specified domestic transactions entered into with the specified persons and the international transactions entered into with the associated enterprises during the financial year and expects such records to be in existence before the due date of filing of income tax return. The management is of the opinion that its specified domestic transactions and international transactions are at arm's length so that the aforesaid legislation will not have any impact on the financial statements, particularly on the amount of tax expense and that of provision for taxation.

Note: Related party relationship is as identified by the Company and relied upon by the Auditors.

45. Disclosure required pursuant to Notification No. G.S.R 308(E) dated 30.03.2017 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs

Details of Specified Bank Notes (SBNs) held and transacted during the period from 08.11.2016 to 30.12.2016 as provided in the table below:-

(₹ in million)

Particulars	SBNs	Other Denomination Notes	Total
Closing Cash in hand as on 08.11.2016	0.23	0.02	0.25
+ Permitted receipts		0.10	0.10
- Permitted payments	848	0.02	0.02
- Amount deposited in banks	0.23	-	0.23
Closing Cash in hand as on 30.12.2016		0.10	0.10

46. Value of Imports calculated on CIF basis:

	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016	
Raw materials	1042.91	1123.00	
Stores & Spares	2.76	3.25	
Capital Goods		3.69	

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

47. Expenditure in Foreign Currency:

(₹ in million)

5	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
Travel/Entertainment expenses	3.04	1.62
Commission on export sales	4.67	3.25
Legal, Professional & Consultancy charges	0.18	0.80
Testing fees	0.15	0.16
Business promotion expenses	2.11	9
Interest	5.17	2.79
Others	2.11	0.57

48. Earnings in Foreign Exchange:

(₹ in million)

	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
Export of goods (FOB value)	921.63	903.43

49. Earnings per share (EPS)

			For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
1	Profit computation for basic & diluted earnings per share of ₹ 10/- each			
	Net profit/(loss) as per Statement of Profit & Loss available for equity shareholders	₹ in million	(4.79)	(134.19)
Ш	Weighted average number of equity shares for earnings per share computation			
	(A) For basic earnings per share	Nos	50000	50000
	(B) For diluted earnings per share	Nos	50000	50000
Ш	Earnings per share (weighted average)		//Industrial	1654004500=5500
	Basic	₹	(95.81)	(2683.76)
	Diluted	₹	(95.81)	(2683.76)

50. Previous year's figures have been regrouped/ reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification/

Signatures to Notes "1" to "50" forming part of the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss.

In terms of our report of even date attached.

For K.N. Gutgutia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 304153E

Sd/-

B.R. Goyal

Partner

Membership No.12172

Place: Noida

Date: 24 May 2017

For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/-

Priyavrat Bhartia Director

Sd/-

Umesh Sharma

Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-Videh Kumar Jaipuriar

Whole Time Director